

# LOUISVILLE EVENING BULLETIN.

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NUMBER 91.

## EVENING BULLETIN.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE, THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.—In ADVANCE.—Daily Journal, Country Daily \$1 50; Tri-Weekly 50c; Weekly 50c; Evening Bulletin \$5 a year or 12½ cents a week, if mailed \$3. CLUB PRICES.—In ADVANCE.—Country Dailies or Tri-Weekly \$1 50; Weekly 50c; copy \$1 25; 2 copies 1 year \$1 50; 3 copies \$1 75; 10 copies or more \$1 50 each.

Papersent by mail are payable in advance.

When the Daily, Country Daily, or Tri-Weekly is to be discontinued (paid in advance at the time subscribed for), the subscriber may cancel, otherwise it will be continued, at our option, until paid for and stopped, as has been our custom.

If not paid, it must be paid at the time of discontinuance, or at our option, if partly good, it will be sent until paid.

Remittances by mail, in "registered" letters, at our risk.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL FOR REGULAR ADVERTISERS.

One line, 10 lines, One month \$1 00  
Do, each additional line \$1 00  
Do, two months, \$1 00  
Do, one week, \$2 25  
Do, two weeks, \$3 50  
Do, three weeks, \$4 75  
Do, four weeks, \$5 00  
Standing card, four times or less, per annum, \$15 00  
One square, changeable weekly, per annum, \$40 00  
Do, do, do, three times per week, per annum, \$60 00  
Each additional square, one-half the above prices.  
Advertisements published at intervals of \$1 for first insertion, and 80 cents for each subsequent one.

Announcing Candidates—\$1 per week for each name.

Advertisements not marked will be inserted one month after payment exacted.

Each additional boat pay quarterly all others in advance.

Advertisements in steamboat advertisements, sheriffs' and commissioners' sales, patent medicine, theatrical circus, or similar advertising, not published by the year.

Advertisements for charitable institutions, fire companies, ward, and other public meetings, and suchlike, half price.

Marriages and deaths published as news. Obituaries and funeral notices as advertisements.

Editorial notices and communications, inserted in editorial columns and intended to promote private interests, 20 cents per line; those only inserted at the discretion of the editor.

No communication will be inserted, unless accompanied by the real name of the author.

Steamboat advertisements—25 cents for first insertion and 12½ cents for each continuation; each change considered a new advertisement.

Advertisements for regular packets for a season of not over six months, \$12 for one boat, and \$6 for each additional boat.

Advertisements inserted only in the Louisville Journal will be charged half the above price; if inserted in the Daily Journal and the Evening Bulletin, in the Evening Bulletin, one-fourth the above price.

Advertisements kept on the inside of the Journal are charged an extra price.

ADVERTISING RATES.—In WEEKLY JOURNAL.—Each square foot \$1 00; first insertion, \$1 00.

Each continuation, \$1 00.

Written notice must be given to take out and stop advertisements of yearly advertisers before the year expires, otherwise we shall charge till done.

Advertisements not so notified will be discontinued without previous notice to us, nor will any charge be made for less than one year at the yearly rates.

FRIDAY, JAN. 15, 1858.

**SMALL BILLS.**—Some of the State Legislatures are passing laws to expel small bank bills from circulation. We do not profess to have given a very careful consideration to this matter, but our decided conviction is that the policy is not judicious. We do not know of any evil attending the circulation of small bills, that does not, in an equal if not a larger degree, attend the circulation of large ones. The holder of a small bank bill is certainly as safe as the holder of a large one; and, if we look through the country, we find, as a general rule, that the small-bill banks are the soundest banks. The New England, the New York, the New Jersey, and the Kentucky banks, all of which issue small bills, are paying specie, while the banks of Pennsylvania, a State that prohibits the issue of small bills and makes it a penal offense to pass them, don't pay a dollar in gold or silver.

We do not very often agree with the New York Tribune, but we agree with it when it says that this scheme of reforming the circulation by suppressing small bills is a twopenny affair entirely. It savors almost wholly of quackery. There is no argument against small bills that does not lie with equal force against large bills. And there are many arguments in favor of small bills that do not exist for large ones. They are a great public convenience. They are of service for small remittances—indeed, for this purpose they are quite indispensable. If the small bills are only good, nothing can be an improvement upon them as a medium for small exchanges and daily current expenditures. Besides, in many communities it is small bills or nothing. Specie does not readily find its way to remote points from the commercial centers. And if the small bills of the country banks are suppressed, their place will go unfilled. The great function of country banks is to create a circulating medium where none existed before; and this is the thing they do beyond all doubt. Abolish them, and you strike that circulating medium out of existence. Coin does not flow in, necessarily, to fill the channels which the paper money filled. This is true of all bank bills. It is true of the small bills as well. Our difficulties are by no means to be attributed solely to the banks. If we are to have paper money at all, let us have that sort which people most want, and this, as all experience shows, wherever the attempt has been made to restrict their circulation, is simply small bills.

Undoubtedly we feel a personal interest in this matter. If small bank-bills were expelled from circulation, thousands of our small debtors would find much difficulty in transmitting to us their dues. The evil however would not be confined to the editors and proprietors of newspapers—it would extend to numerous other classes of business men.

**KENTUCKY STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.**—We have already published the names of the officers elected for the ensuing year. The following is an abstract of the Treasurer's report:

Total receipts during the year 1857 from all sources \$8,475 75  
Expenses same period 6,591 95

Leaving a balance of \$2,083 80

Silver premiums on hand 405 00

Balance on hand at close of second year \$2,488 80

Mr. J. H. Moore, of Clark county, offered a resolution that hereafter the premiums of the Society shall be paid in money; which was referred.

Mr. R. W. Scott was elected Corresponding Secretary, and Mr. James W. Tate Treasurer. Mr. Scott declined the office of Secretary. The Society then postponed the election of Secretary until their next meeting, which is to take place at Frankfort on the 12th of February, when the place for holding the next State Fair will be selected.

The members of the Association are desirous of procuring the valuable services of Mr. W. E. Milton, of this city, as Secretary. They certainly could not secure a gentleman for that place better qualified or more efficient.

At a meeting of the General Council last evening, Mr. John W. Gray was re-elected City Engineer by a large majority.

**OBITUARY.**—Ten months ago we were the guest of our friend, the celebrated Colonel Colt, of Hartford. During our brief stay in his hospitable mansion, his young and accomplished wife bore a son, who was subsequently christened Samuel Jarvis Colt. The husband and father was the happiest of men in the thought that he had a child to love him, to share his love, and to be the heir of his immense fortune. That child, as we see from these beautiful and touching stanzas of Mrs. Sigourney, is no longer a blossom of the earth:

SAMUEL JARVIS COLT.

Rest in thy bed, my darling,  
Where the bright fountain plays,  
Where flowers of richest fragrance throng,  
And birds with caroled lay.

Thy little life was measured  
By moons, and not by years,  
And sweetly closed before it reached  
The alphabet of tears.

Closed like a tinted sunbeam  
That knew no shade of gloom;  
Baptismal water on thy brow  
And prayers to bless thy tomb.

Love o'er thine infant pillow  
Kept watch with steadfast mind,  
And homeward took its flight with thee,  
But Sorrow staid behind.

It staid behind and weepeth  
Unto thy beauteous clay;  
Unfold thy snowy, cherub wings  
And fan that grief away.

Or with thy harp of melody  
Entice their glorious calm,  
Who scarce the batt'd here below  
Without a wound or stain;

And in their Savion's presence,  
Where naught can o'er annoy,  
Expand in Sarah power and taste  
The plenitude of joy.

L. H. S.

(For the Louisville Journal.)

TO G. D. P.

BY A. F. JR.

Thy wit, like wine, with age improves;  
Years cannot dim its potent spell,  
Time but its harsher sting removes,  
But age no time its point can quell!

Some silver hairs along thy brow  
Like snow amid its jet appear,  
But that bright heart which heaves below  
Is youthful as the vernal year!

That smile which first in bygone days  
With magic witchery touched my heart,  
Still round thy lip in sunshine plays  
And wins and dazzles by its art.

Oh may that smile in beauty dwell  
Forever round thy lips, old friend,

Till thou and I shall bid farewell  
To earthly scenes when life shall end!

And happy may'st thou ever be,  
Friend of my heart—thou gifted one;

May we forever dwell with thee,  
THOU MAN OF MIRTH THOU GOD OF FUN!

LOUISVILLE, JAN. 14, 1858.

**THE GOVERNOR OF MISSISSIPPI.**—In his last annual message, made no allusion to the largely accumulating bonds of the State, now unpaid for eighteen years or more. The validity of these bonds was at one time disputed as to a portion of them, but the Courts of the State have finally and fully acknowledged their validity, and the State creditors have the strongest claims for indemnity. Yet we see no measures taken by the Legislature to pay such bonds, although a specific and moderate tax upon four millions of property owned in Mississippi would realize ample funds to pay the long arrears of interest.

The hardship of the case is somewhat more prominent when we find that Mississippi has over one million of dollars surplus funds which have been invested as follows: (See report of joint committee of the Senate and House, dated Jackson, October 19, 1857.)

Chickasaw School Fund..... \$358 072  
Internal Improvement Fund..... 447 300  
Loaned to Railroads..... 273 561

Total ..... \$1,078,933

The ordinary revenue of the State last year, with its cash on hand, was \$985,000, and the expenditures \$790,000. The loans to railroads are as follows:

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad..... \$181,850  
Mississippi Central Road..... 416,850  
New Orleans and Jackson Road..... 659,000  
Mobile and Ohio Railroad..... 335,000

Total ..... \$1,492,700

In the elaborate report of the joint committee, and in their long discussions as to the principles of finance—the receipt and disbursement of revenue—no allusion whatever is made to the heavy debts owing by the State and confirmed by the High Court of Errors.

**EXTRAORDINARY AFFAIR.**—The Eastern (Miss.) Clarion states that at the recent term of the Circuit Court in Jones county, three men named Lynes were indicted for larceny. In order to dispose of the principal witness against them, a man named Charles Landrum, the accused employed a ruffian named Hitower to murder him, agreeing to give a daughter of the elder Lynes in marriage and a considerable amount of property. On the night of the 14th ult., Hitower went to the house of his victim and shot him with a rifle while sitting at his own fireside surrounded by his family. Circumstances caused the guilty parties to be suspected, when they were arrested, and Hitower made a clean breast of it, telling of the agreement above stated. He and the Lynes were all committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury at the next term of the Circuit Court.

**EXPLOSION ON THE N.Y. & ERIE ROAD.**—A dreadful accident happened on the New York and Erie Railroad near Piermont or Saturday. As an engine and train of empty freight cars were going westward from Piermont, and when about half a mile from that place, the boiler exploded, killing almost instantly the fireman, named Dalton, and a flagman named Lake, who was upon the engine at the time. The fireman was projected a distance of thirty feet, and fell crashing through the ice into the river, while the flagman was shockingly mangled. The engineer, wonderful to relate, escaped nearly unharmed. The locomotive, which had just been thoroughly repaired and was valued at \$10,000, was shattered into fragments.

**A TERRIBLE RECORD.**—The number of coroner's inquests held within the city and county of New York during the past year is stated to have been 1908, of which 13 were cases of murder, 56 of homicide, 60 of suicide, 369 of organic disease, and 1402 of accidents.

**Dr. Mandeville Thum.**—At a meeting of the General Council last evening, Dr. John W. Gray was re-elected City Engineer by a large majority.

## RIVER AND STEAMBOAT MATTERS.

The river is falling. Last evening there were 7½ feet water in the canal by the mark and 5½ feet in the pass on the falls. Weather delightful.

**For New Orleans.**—The E. H. Fairchild, Captain Fawcett, did not get away yesterday, but she will leave positively to-day. The Fairchild is a fine boat and has splendid accommodations. Messrs. Leyden and Cowan are the clerks.

The splendid steamer Woodford, Capt. Mather, arrived from New Orleans last night. We thank Messrs. McLaughlin and Benedict for favors. The Woodford will leave for New Orleans to-morrow evening.

The David White also leaves for New Orleans to-morrow evening.

**The Moses McLellan.**—This fine Memphis packet leaves this evening. She has excellent accommodations, and Capt. Lamb and his clerks, Messrs. Halliday and Golding, are polite and attentive officers. The McLellan brought us the latest Memphis dates.

The Diamond is the regular packet for Evansville to-day.

The David White also leaves for New Orleans to-morrow evening.

**The Telegraph No. 3.**—The Telegraph No. 3 is the mailboat for Cincinnati to-day.

**JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.**—The starting time of the night train on the Jeffersonville railroad for St. Louis and Cincinnati has been changed. The train leaves hereafter at 9 P. M. instead, as heretofore, at 12 P. M., and connects with the express trains on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad East and West at Seymour. Passengers thus reach Cincinnati in time to connect with the early trains leaving that city for the East. The office of the Jeffersonville railroad is now located at the corner of Main and Third streets.

**THE GRAVE ROBBING CASE AT CHICAGO.**—The Chicago sexton, Quinlan, and the medical student, Eli York, indicted for robbing the city grave yard, were brought before the Recorder's Court for trial on Monday, when a *nolle prosequi* was entered as to York, and Quinlan plead guilty and was fined \$500.

**THE FOREIGN NEWS.**—We have four days later news from Europe this morning. The commercial intelligence is favorable. Cotton had advanced another ¾ penny. The money market had not undergone any change, but closed easier.

**DREADFUL CASUALTY IN MOBILE.**—The Mobile Tribune, of the 6th inst., records the sudden death, from burning, of Miss Florentine Nagler, which occurred at the residence of her brother.

**DR. CHAS. MACKAY.**—The pupils of Professor Henry Douglass will give a concert at the Masonic Temple on Wednesday evening.

**ARRIVAL OF THE NORTH AMERICA.**—The steamship North America has arrived with Liverpool dates of Wednesday, 30th ult., 4 days later than Africa.

The steamer America arrived out on the 28th.

**London.**—The money market was easier, and there was a prospect of a further decrease in bank rates.

**LORD HARROWBY.**—Lord Harrowby is to be succeeded in the Ministry by Lord Clarendon.

**RELIEF AT LUCKNOW.**—The relief of Lucknow is fully confirmed by the details of the Indian mail. The slaughter of the rebels is great.

**THE U. S. S. MINNESOTA.**—The U. S. S. Minnesota, with the Hon. W. B. Reed, U. S. Commissioner, had arrived at Hong Kong. Speedy operations against Canton are to take place.

**ITALY.**—It is said that all the exiled generals have received unconditional permission to return to France.

**STEAMSHIP NORTHERN STAR.**—The steamer Northern Star has been destroyed by fire, but succeeded in reaching Mauritius with troops on board.

**London, Wednesday, Dec. 30.**—The Times city article says that the funds opened steadily and showed a tendency to increase firmness until after regular hours, when a sudden decline took place which is attributed to operations in connection with the failure of a dealer announced yesterday. Money was in rather increased request, but there was a full supply of gold at 4½% per cent. A considerable amount of gold had been sent to the banks.

**THE DAILY NEWS.**—The Daily News says it is believed that the dealer above alluded to has transactions open to an extent considerably more than a million, chiefly of options.

**THE DEMAND FOR MONEY.**—The demand for money is moderate at the Bank, owing to the fact that good bills are readily discounted in open market.

**THE LONDON TIMES.**—The London Times closed firm. All qualities have slightly advanced since previous quotations. Lower grades show an improvement of ½%. On Saturday, the 26th, there was no change, it being made holiday. Sales on Monday and Tuesday, the 28th and 29th, amounted to 17,000 bales, speculators taking 4,000 and exporters 1,000 bales.

**MANCHESTER.**—Manchester advises favorable, showing a better feeling among the trade.

## EVENING BULLETIN.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 15, 1858.

### [For the Louisville Bulletin.] THE FANCY BALL AT FRANKFORT.

**NAVAL DROPPED OFFICERS.**—In the U. S. Senate, on Monday, a bill was passed which provides for the restoration to active service and the appointment to the reserved list, of such officers who were dropped or retired by the law of February, 1855, as the records of the Courts of Inquiry may, in the opinion of the President, render advisable. The bill provides that those so nominated by the President "shall occupy a position on the active and reserved list, respectively, according to their rank and seniority when dropped; and shall be entitled to all benefits conferred by the act in January last on officers restored to the active or transferred list." This bill, we presume, contains the official action of the finding of the Courts of Inquiry which have been for some time in session. We congratulate those officers who will be restored by it to a position which they have been proven, upon examination, able to fill worthily and competently.

**ON HAND FOR ANOTHER APPOINTMENT.**—The St. Paul Minnesotan says that Sam Medary, of Ohio, who has just lost the Governorship of Minnesota with the adoption of a State constitution in the Territory, has gone to Washington to hurry up the organization of a government over Dakota Territory and to secure his own appointment as Governor. The white population of the Territory is small, the largest towns—Medary and that at the falls of the Sioux—containing only about twenty dwellings each. The half-breeding settlement at Pembina embraces the bulk of the population.

**EMBARRASSMENT OF WHEELING.**—Gov. Wise has communicated a paper to the Virginia Legislature from Mayor Tanner, of Wheeling, relative to the inability of that city to pay the interest on her B. & O. R. R. bonds, on the 1st inst. That functionary says "it is the intention of the city to pay it at the earliest possible day, and also to lay a special tax, as soon as it can be legally done, sufficient to pay said interest after July next."

In transmitting the document the Governor says the railroad "pays no bonus whatever to the commonwealth commensurate with its great privileges."

**INAUGURATION OF THE WASHINGTON STATUE AT RICHMOND, VA.**—Crawford's equestrian statue of Washington will be placed upon the monument at Richmond, Va., on the 22d of February next. The Hon. R. M. T. Hunter, one of the U. S. Senators from Virginia, will deliver an oration suitable to the occasion; and original odes will be recited by Messrs. James B. Hope and John R. Thompson.

**The Paris correspondent of the London Globe, writing on the 24th ult., says:** "Grisi has turned a new leaf in her libretto. She is announced as a 'medium' of no common performance; Hume (not the sceptic but the charlatan) proclaiming her excellence in her new role."

**I RETURNED.**—The Cumberland (Md.) Civilian of yesterday says Col. J. H. Tucker, President of the Mineral Bank, has returned to that city confident that he can clearly vindicate himself of the charges against him.

**THE RED RIVER SETTLEMENT.—REBELLION AGAINST THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.**—The Hudson's Bay Company claim not only exclusive jurisdiction, but the ownership of the soil and the monopoly of trade in all the vast territory over which their grant extends. There is an earnest feeling in Canada which looks toward the abolition of its charter, and a letter to the Toronto Globe informs us of an actual rebellion against the Hudson's Bay Company's officers at Red River Settlement. The letter says:

Some months ago one Mr. Bannatyne, an active and enterprising Scotchman, set out on a fur-trading expedition. He had a boat, with a quantity of goods, and six or seven men. His intention was to proceed up the great Saskatchewan valley. On reaching Norway House—a village at the northern extremity of Lake Winnipeg, and 300 miles distant from Red River—Mr. Bannatyne was unceremoniously seized and imprisoned by Mr. Barnston, the Hudson's Bay official in charge. There he was detained until the boats arrived from York Fort with the rations from Canada.

Mr. Sinclair, a chief factor of the Company, was in charge of the boats which brought up the Ridenour. He brought Mr. Bannatyne back to Red River to stand trial, and gave him up to Mr. Tavish, the acting Governor of the Colony. The question was now what punishment should be inflicted on this culprit, Bannatyne, for having dared to trade in the territories of the Company. While arrangements were going on, a storm of indignation was arising throughout our little Colony that threatened the forcible expulsion of Company, Ridenour, and all, and compelled the release of Mr. Bannatyne. He is now free, and has universal sympathy on his side. How long will this state of things continue? Far better join the States at once than be thus tyrannized over. Is it really the case that the English Government has sent out these Canadian rifles to enforce the rules and contemptible rules of this monopoly?

But enough. You may bear more anon. Meanwhile, I am yours, respectfully, WINNIPEG.  
Red River, Dec. 11, 1857.

**A "SLAVE PEN" IN THE WEST.**—The Jamestown (Wis.) Independent thus describes the manner in which a party of poor sewing girls, sent out from New York by the "Children's Aid Society," were disposed of in that village:

A charge of ten dollars (to pay their traveling expenses we suppose) was made for each person, the money to be paid by the employer, and to be deducted from the future earnings of the young woman. The free church was thrown open, the young women occupying the seats in rows, some of them crying. Customers then walked along the ranks with perfect coolness, examining their condition one by one, and as they found one suitable, they planked the cash and carried off their prize.

**FURTHER FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.**—At a banquet given by the Mayor of Liverpool to the Siamese Ambassadors, Mr. Beverly Tucker, U. S. Consul in that town, was one of the speakers. He congratulated the assembly on the glorious news from India, and trusted that the triumph of English arms would be complete, because it was the triumph of civilization. He said he had no doubt whatever that there was an immense trade to be developed with Siam, and he felt assured that the Star-Spangled Banner would, like the flag of Great Britain, dip in the water to the vessels of Siam approaching the great Republic of America.

The ship Walker, bound from Quebec for Glasgow, was lost at sea. The crew remained on the water-logged ship for eleven days, with nothing but the body of a dog to subsist upon. Three of them died.

The London Times again reviews the Mormon difficulty and the Government plans for its suppression. It hopes that the Mormons will decide upon a migration before they are involved in the calamities of a war.

The London Post, taking its cue from the President's message, advocates the construction of a railroad to the Pacific through the British American provinces.

The screw steamer Earl of Warwick, bound from Ayr for Liverpool, was wrecked on the Isle of Man, and all the crew except two were lost.

Cumming and his wife came up with him, as did also the mail. Mrs. C. had her foot frozen while crossing the mountains, and still suffers considerably from it, but is otherwise well. Gov. Cumming is also well and hearty. There are three other ladies in camp, being Mrs. Col. Canby, Mrs. Tyler, and Mrs. Burns. They are all as comfortable as circumstances will allow.

Col. Cooke left the main body on the 26th for Henry's Fork, for grazing his horses. Capt. Marcy left on the 27th November to procure salt, horses, mules, and cattle.

Mr. Hartnett, of St. Louis, is well, as all the parties are reported to be. The Doctors, not being paid by the number of patient, under treatment, have pretty easy times.

The main body is about ten miles above where Smith's Fork empties into Green river, being about two miles above Fort Bridger, which is on the same stream.—*St. Louis Republican*

(From the St. Paul Minnesotan, Jan. 4.)  
**NARROW E CAPE FROM DEATH.—Thrilling Adventures of a Man Lost in the Escapes.**—Many of our readers are acquainted with Fred Walters, formerly a porter in the store of B. Preley, Esq., on the levee. It seems that some weeks since he went up to the neighborhood of Princeton, on Rum river, about ninety miles above St. Anthony, on a hunting expedition. He started in the meantime at the house of a Mr. Hopper (who is our informant), about three miles from Princeton. About the 6th of December, he started out in the morning, promising Mrs. H. to return about 3 o'clock. He did not come back that night, and it was supposed he had tarried at the house of another German, over the river. As he did not return the next night, nor the next, fears for his safety were aroused, and about half a dozen men of the neighborhood, well acquainted with the country, started in his tracks, and rendering the pursuit unavailing.

From Walters' own account, he wandered, after getting lost, over a great extent of country, perfectly bewildered. He found no game, and no signs of life. His strength gradually failed, and a terrible death stared him in the face. His faithful dog still kept with him, but he threw away his heavy rifle, too fatigued to carry it. For four nights and five days he wandered thus, "with nothing to eat, no fire, no place to sleep, and saw no sign of a human being," he says, all that fearful period. At last his strength failed, and he suddenly sat down, resolved to die, as he knew he could never make his way out of the interminable labyrinth of swamps. His dog had even to be coaxed to follow him; for it, too, was worn down with hunger and fatigue. Calling it to him, in this last desperate extremity, he plunged his knife into its breast, and tearing out its liver, devoured a part of it raw and bleeding.

Even famished as he was, this unnatural mess sickened him, and he threw it away. The last hope that nerved him vanished, and his courage forsook him. Unable to go further, he lay down under some bushes, and made a sort of shelter by pieces of bark, &c., resolved to await the death he knew must soon relieve him. What feelings must his have been!—lying down to await a slow and terrible fate, no eye to witness his last moments, far from home, in a wilderness, where no rites of sepulture, even, would await his body!

But hark, the sound of human voices thrills through him—he is not deceived—it is! He eagerly springs to his feet, as well as his frozen limbs permit him, and hail! the party. His halloo was answered, and in a moment more he is surrounded by friends.

This was the hour of his deliverance, and by a miracle. A party of three gentlemen from St. Anthony were looking for pine claims, and by mere chance strayed in that direction. But a difficulty still lay in the way. Walters was not able to walk; and it was many miles to the settlement from which he had staid. One immediately started off for help, and the others remained with Walters. A fire was built, a camp made, and some nutriment given him. He had now been lost four nights and five days, and before the person returned with the wagon it was five days more. A road had to be cut through the greater part of the way, and the swamps were scarcely frozen up.

After being taken to Hopper's home, he remained ten days in an exhausted state ere it was supposed his injuries were so severe. His lower limbs then began to mortify, and it was apparent even to the uninformed settlers there that the only way to save his life was to bring him to St. Anthony or St. Paul, and have them amputated. This tedious journey over rough roads lasted two days, and had no rest.

The operation took place on Wednesday last at the County Infirmary, at St. Anthony, by several surgeons. So Herculean, we are told, is the constitution of Walters, that, after twenty days of almost unparalleled suffering, the surgeons were compelled to give him an otherwise fatal dose of chloroform to keep him from struggling during the operation.

(From the St. Louis Republican)  
**UTAH NEWS—ALL WELL!**—We have received late intelligence from Utah. The army went through the South Pass on the 24th of September, and on the 25th hostilities on the part of the Mormons commenced. They fired on the picket, who were guarding the mule herd, and then attempted to stampede the mules. The movement, temporarily successful, failed, as the entire herd was recovered on the same day. No cavalry being on the ground, however, the marauders escaped.

Nothing more was seen of them until the 27th, when, approaching Green River, some five or six were observed, but they fled before the advance guard could reach them. On that afternoon there was a rumor that the company under Lieut. Deshler would be attacked; he had but 30 men, and had in charge some of the supply trains. The advance guard started at night to his relief, and made a forced march of 22 miles, to find Lieut. D. and his train safe.

The army concentrated at Ham's Fork, and on the 3d October the Mormons burned three supply trains containing some of the commissary stores. They also succeeded in running off the oxen. On the 2d and 5th they burned the grass, but the army succeeded in extinguishing the flames before they reached the camp.

On the 11th the party started up Ham's Fork to go to Salt Lake City, the train of mule and ox wagons stretching out some six or seven miles, consequently moving but slowly. When within a mile of the Oregon road, a party mounted on mules was sent to prospect a road over to Henry's Fork. This party fell in with about fifty Mormons coming toward the camp. Captain Marcy, who was in command of the prospecting party, approached near enough for speech with their leader before they were recognized as American troops, when they at once made off. No harm being attempted toward them, such being the instruction of Col. Alexander.

A party which started later, in the same direction, numbering eight men, met the same party, put them to flight, ate a comfortable breakfast the party had cooked but left in their haste to fly, and brought two mules of the routed party into camp. The Mormons being mounted on ponies, they outran the mules of the soldiers.

The first severe snow storm was on the night of the 16th of October. Snow lay on the ground on the 17th fully eight inches. It had drifted into the tents which had been pitched for a north wind, while the storm came from the south, up the valley of the creek.

Col. Johnston took command of the army on the 3d of November; a day or two after which supplies were issued, to the great comfort of the men, who, by dint of care, are enabled to keep warm, although the thermometer had for some ten days of December been at 20 deg. below zero. On the 6th Col. Johnston started for Salt Lake City, the train stretching out fifteen miles.

On the 5th, three hundred head of cattle were run off by the Mormons, who also took a number of mules belonging to the Government. The death of between two and three thousand oxen, and the majority of the horses, rendered movements slow, and it was not until the 17th that a distance of thirty miles was made. Salt is short and vegetables are wanting, while the oxen are being butchered as fast as convenience will allow. On the 27th a hundred bushels of vegetables were brought into camp, and turned over to the hospital department.

On the 19th of November, Col. Cooke caught up with the main army, with six companies of the 2d dragoons. He had lost nearly all his horses, and those that were left him were unfit for service. Gov.

(On the 14th inst., by Rev. W. L. Breckinridge, Mr. Jas. D. LINDLEY to Miss CATHERINE MOULDER, alias Mrs. W. L. BRECKINRIDGE.)

DIED,  
On the 15th inst., at the New Owen Hotel, corner Second and Jefferson streets, Mr. CHARLES A. CURTIS, a native of New York, aged 28 years.

25 New York papers please copy.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.  
We have still a good assortment of LADIES', MISSES', and CHILDREN'S FANCY FURS at cost for CASH.

PRATHER, SMITH & CO., 45 Main st.

45 Main st., opposite Bank of Ky.

FOR HIRE,  
A NEGRO BOY, 12 years of age, can be hired for the present year by application to J. M. YAU-HAN, 151 j&b's. At Mayor's office.

ELECTION.  
THERE will be an election held at the several places of voting in the city of Louisville for the election of members of the General Assembly, on Saturday, the 16th inst., for the election of Marshal of the City Court of Louisville, for the election of Sheriff, and for the election of B. W. Vau-Han, Esq., and other officers who hold their election to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of W. H. Crichton. Dr. W. H. Crichton, and other officers who hold their election to fill the vacancy in the Circuit Judgeship of this circuit are appointed to hold the election at the same voting-places where they then served.

J11 b&s W. S. D. MEGOWAN, S. J. C.

New Coal Office.  
FOR the convenience of persons residing in the lower part of the city, we have opened an office for the sale of Coal at the

Corner of Main and Ninth streets,

where the BEST PITTSBURG COAL can always be had at short notice as low a price as can be purchased anywhere in the city.

W. H. CRITTENDEN.

N. B. Our office on Third street, opposite the Post-office, will be usually open for the sale of the best coal at the lowest prices.

J11 b&s G. B. TABB.

j11 j&b Corner Fourth and Market streets.

London Illustrated News Almanac for 1858.

WITH beautiful colored illustrations emblematical of each month in the year, besides containing a vast deal of useful information, intended for the use of

GUNTER'S BOOKSTORE.

J15 b 99 Third st.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO ALL EASTERN MAGAZINES received at GUNTER'S BOOKSTORE.

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ALL THE BACK NUMBERS OF THE NEW YORK LEDGER can be found at GUNTER'S BOOKSTORE.

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MODES DE PARIS.

WINTER MILLINERY.

106 Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson.

The undersigned will call the especial attention of the ladies to the new and elegant stock of

MILLINERY GOODS.

Such as Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Coiffures, Dress Caps, &c., which will be sold at prices to suit the

LADIES' DRESS HATS made to order and reasonable terms.

24 d. & b&s Mrs. A. JONES, Agent.

Family Sewing Machines.

BETWEEN MARKET AND JEFFERSON.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

We OFFER TO THE PUBLIC WHEELER & WILSON'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE with every improvement made in the market, and the reliable Family Sewing Machine now in use. It sews equally well on the thick or thinest fabrics, makes the backstitch impossible to unravel, with the essential advantage of sewing alike on both sides, without making my ridge or chain in the usual side, and, in consequence, more steady in movement, and more durable than any other machine.

We give full instruction to enable the purchaser to sew ordinary seams, stitch, hem, fell, quilt, gather, bind, and sash, all on the same machine, and warrant it for three years. J. SUMNER & CO.

New Books.

STORIES and LEGENDS of Travel and History for Children.

PLAY HOURS, by Capt. M. H. REED. 75c.

Little Lies, by B. CHASE. 75c.

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Parlor Entertainments, The Ladies' and Gentlemen's Parlor Games, &c. 81c.

Parlor Games, by Mrs. J. M. GREENE. 81c.

Hand Book of Household Science, by Ed. L. Youman, author of "The Class Book of Chemistry." 81c.

Christmas Story for 1858. The Perils of Certain English Prisoners and their Treasures in Women, Children, Silver, and Jewels. By Chas. Dickens. 25c.

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A Great Book.

THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING, or Jerusalem As It Was. As It Is. As It Will Be. As It Is To Be. A fine

# TRUNKS! TRUNKS! AT COST!

J. H. M'CLEARY,  
At the National Trunk Emporium,  
Corner Main and Fourth sts., Louisville, Ky.

OFFERS HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF  
**Sole-leather, Iron-end, and Dress Trunks, Bonnet  
Boxes, Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.,**  
AT PRIME COST FOR CASH ONLY.

Remember, at the  
**National Trunk Emporium,**  
CORNER FOURTH AND MAIN STREETS.

ONE NEW AND VALUABLE REMEDY FOR

ALL DISEASES OF THE  
**Throat and Lungs**

DR. JOHN BULL'S  
Compound Pectoral of Wild Cherry,

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF  
COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, IN-  
FLUENZA, PAINS IN THE SIDE AND  
BREAST, SPITTING OF BLOOD, AND  
CONSUMPTION N.

EVANVILLE, IND., Nov. 17, '57.

DR. JOHN BULL, Louisville, Ky.  
Dear Sir: I have tried your Pectoral in a well-marked  
and severe case of pulmonary consumption, accompanied  
with severe hemorrhage from the lungs, in which Cod Li  
er Oil totally failed to produce any beneficial effect, and I  
was perfectly astonished at the immediate relief and diminution  
in the amount of expectoration which speedily followed its use. As a remedy in the advanced stages o  
consumption I give it most decidedly the preference.

JOHN MAGENISS, M.D.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.  
All orders from wholesale purchasers or applications for  
Agencies must be addressed to

DR. JOHN BULL, Louisville or New York.  
Nov 20 d&w&bd

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THE GEM OF THE SEASON; the Book of Beauty.  
Ornith. Animal; Floral Keepsake.  
Piano Forte; Leaves of Memory.  
Album & Almanac; Series of 12 and 16 mo.  
Annals, in entire new styles of bindings—morocco gilt and  
morocco antique. For sale by

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What is more suitable for a keepsake  
than a handsome piece of

SILVER?

Those inclined to such a selection will  
find my stock very complete, containing part of Pitchers,  
Goblets, Cutlery, of all kinds, Pie, Cake, Fish,  
and Butter Knives, &c., most of which are made to my order,  
and all of latest styles. My stock of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

is also very good, to which I shall be adding new supplies  
during the present week, and from which many desirable  
presents may be selected. I have also very handsome

PLATED SETS.

Waiters, Castors, Goblets, Cakes, &c.

Call and examine or send your orders to

WM. KENDRICK, 71 Third st.

**CHRISTMAS PRESENTS CHEAP.**

Piano-Fortes, Guitars, Violins,  
Plutes, Banjos, Drums, Fifes,  
Tambourines, and all other Musical  
Instruments, any of which are very appropriate  
for Christmas presents, may be had by

D. P. FAULDS & CO.,

539 Main st., between Second and Third.

**Fancy Goods and Toys**

FOR HOLIDAY SALES.

W. W. TALBOT, 98 Fourth street, is now

in receipt of a large and well-selected stock of

**FANCY GOODS AND TOYS,**

bought at greatly reduced prices, which will be sold accordingly. Among the assortments are many new and elegant Toys never before brought to this market. Dealers supplied at low rates.

W. W. TALBOT,

d17 b&d, 98 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson.

**Elegant Books.**

WORLD-NOTED WOMEN, or Types of Womanly At-  
tributes of Life and Love, by Mrs. Mary Cowden  
Clarke, with steel plate illustrations. Price \$12.

THE COURT OF NAPOLEON; or, Society Under the  
First Empire; with portraits of its Beauties, Wits, and He-  
roines; by Frank B. Goodrich. \$2.50.

For sale by

CRUMP & WELSH,

84 Fourth st., near Market.

**Presentation Books.**

IF you want an elegant Book to present to a friend, call  
at 84 Fourth street, and you can get it. A large variety  
now on hand and daily making additions.

CRUMP & WELSH,

84 Fourth street, near Market.

d17 b&d

**BUFFALO, GUM, AND FUR-LINED OVER-SHOES**

for Ladies and Men for sale low at

OWEN & WOOD'S,

d16 d&b

GENTS' FINE SEwed AND PEGGED

French Calf Boots in store and for sale low at

OWEN & WOOD'S,

d16 j&b

AT COST,

Ladies', Misses', and Children's Furs.

We will, from this day until January 1st, sell our large and elegant stock of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Furs at PRIME NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

PRATHER, SMITH, & CO.,

455 Main st.

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BOYS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS.

A general assortment for sale at

OWEN & WOOD'S.

d16 i&b

TENNESSEE MONEY.

We are taking in exchange for

POOT & SONS' and others' and

the Bank of America, of Tennessee, the Bank of

Commerce, the Bank of Chattanooga, the Bank of Memphis,

Bank of Middle Tennessee, the Bank of the Union, Buck's

Commercial Bank, Merchants' Bank, Northern

Bank, Southern Bank, Traders' Bank, and River Bank.

All the above banks received at

OWEN & WOOD'S.

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495 Market st., one door above Third.

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HAND-BOOK OF Hints; a Popular Ac-

count of Heat, Light, Air, Aliment, and Cleansing

&c.; with Illustrative Diagrams; by Edward L. Youmans, author of Class Book of Chemistry, &c. \$1.25.

The Queens of England and their Times from Matilda,

Queen of the Womans to Adelaide, Queen of

William the Fourth, by Mrs. E. L. Youmans. \$1.25.

Horatio's Law Examined; or, the Decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Dred Scott Case, with an Appendix, by Thomas H. Benton. \$1.

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CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st.

**Watches, Jewelry, and Silver Ware.**

H. FLETCHER.

FLETCHER & BENNETT,

463 Main st., between Fourth and Fifth,

Have now on hand the largest and

best assortment of GOLD and SIL-  
VER WATCHES, FINE JEWEL-  
RY, and SILVER WARE ever offered

for sale in this city. Their stock has been highly improved  
for CASH, and selected in person from the best  
factories and workshops of the best quality and most

fashionable styles. Being determined to sell at extremely  
LOW PRICES for cash, purchasers will find it to their ad-  
vantage to call and examine our stock before purchasing.

A rich assortment, to which we are constantly adding ev-  
erything new and fashionable, will always be found to select  
from, viz:

Gold Lady's Watches; Gold Lockets;

Silver Lover's Watches; Gold and Silver Specta-

cles; Gold Guard Chaine;

Gold Fob Chaine; Gold Pen;

Gold Vest Chaine; Silver Forks;

Gold Fob Chaine and Seal; Silver Spoons;

Fine Gold, Coral, and Cam-

Silver Spoons;

Gold Pins; Silver Plates;

Diamond Pins and Oval Plique-a-Jour; Silver Goblets and Cups;

Diamond Pins and Ear-

Gold Thimbles;

Rings; Gold Pincers;

Gold Pencils; FLETCHER & BENNETT,

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dec 15 d&w&b

**PIANOS AT LOW PRICES.**

Great inducements are now offering to  
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Importers and Dealers in Piano-Fortes and Musical

Goods, 539 Main st., opposite the Bank of Ky.

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**MABEL VAUGHAN, by the author of the Lamp-Ligh-**

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C. HAGAN & CO.

539 Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth

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**PIANOS TO LOW PRICES.**

## EVENING BULLETIN.

### AFFAIRS AT FRANKFORT.

[Special Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.]  
The Grand Fancy-Dress Ball—Keeper of the Penitentiary—Legislative Proceedings—Painful Accidents, &c.

FRANKFORT, Jan. 14, 3 P. M.

It would be vain for me to characterize the grand fancy-dress ball of the Assembly Association in this city last evening as one of the "Affairs at Frankfort." It was emphatically the "affair," and deserves to take rank in a letter dedicated solely to its own praises. The event is doubtless one of the proudest of the kind that has given a world-wide celebrity to Kentucky gallantry, beauty, and hospitality, and will properly enough be heralded as a striking feature in the fashionable history of the time.

The immense ball room at the Capitol Hotel was thronged with the most beautiful and accomplished ladies of the Commonwealth, and the entertainment was under the patronage of the most noted gallants in the land. While Frankfort and the adjacent country contributed of their rarest charms to the joyous scene, the flower of the beauty and chivalry of Scott, Bourbon, and Fayette graced the occasion. In the matters of character, costume, and actor I cannot profess to particularize, and where everything approximated so nearly to the perfection of elegance, a distinction might well be granted impracticable. One of the most elegant and elaborate costumes, however, was that of Miss Bettie S., of Louisville, in the character of Aladdin. It was a short skirt of white satin and a jacket of crimson silk and Chinese pants of the same, all exquisitely embroidered and bespangled with gold. It was one of the most complete dresses in all its appointments in the room, and quite becoming to the petite figure it expressed. Features of the fair wearer, who looked indeed like the favorite of the genii of the wonderful lamp, or some graceful sprite from fairy land tripping with little step and spiritual grace among the merry dancess.

Miss Mollie W., of Frankfort, in the costume of Spring, was almost worshipped for her wondrous beauty and the charming simplicity and tasteful accuracy of her dress. A wreath of apple blossoms and spring flowers gracefully entwined her hair, and sprigs and bunches of the loveliest flowers of the early spring time were scattered over the skirt of the dress, the bodice of which was trimmed with bright green leaves to correspond. She moved among the dancers the very incarnation of the loveliest and purest season of the year.

Perhaps none of the charming creatures in costume attracted more general attention and admiration than the fair and classically beautiful Miss F., of Washington City, who added to her own natural grace the (to her) affected characteristics of the "wild, roving Indian girl." I found constantly in her train a deerie of gallant "braves" who deemed themselves only too happy if they could but win a single smile from the gentle maid of the forest.

But, to the mind of your correspondent, the most fitting incident of the occasion was that the lovely and accomplished Miss M.—E., of Louisville, should appear without a semblance of artificial disguise. She needed the addition of no affectation foreign to her own sweet nobility to characterize her as the pride of the night as she is the glory of her native city. With the subduing force of such unrivaled loveliness as she possesses, I felt that I could go forth and conquer more worlds of men than ever it entered into the ambition of Alexander to subdue.

After all that has been said and done with reference thereto, it would be really amusing to those of us who are indifferent upon the subject, if we should really have no election for Keeper of the Penitentiary during the present session of the Legislature.

Those who are familiar with the recent acts of the Legislature will remember that the statutes requiring the election of a State Printer and State Librarian, and that providing that a contract may be made with a Keeper of the Penitentiary, are quite different in their characters. The joint resolution which passed the Senate a fortnight ago, perhaps, and which passed the House on Monday last, providing for the election of public officers on the 20th inst., is yet in the hands of the Governor and has not yet received his approval, and will not, in all likelihood, receive the Executive sanction. It is said that Governor Morehead does not hesitate as to the necessity for an election of State Printer and Librarian during the present session, but I am assured that he is undecided as to the legal propriety; if not really committed against the policy, of electing a Keeper to the Penitentiary under existing circumstances. Of course the bitterest partisan acquainted with Gov. Morehead's uniform course of conduct as a State executive and liberal views as a citizen, will not for a moment suspect that he has been in the least degree influenced by political considerations, should his Excellency's better judgment determine him to veto the joint resolution in question. In that contingency, however, I can imagine that, while the present popular Sentiment would be pleasantly enough entertained by the Governor's views upon the subject, my mountainous friend South, who, by the aid of Col. Boyd, succeeded in swerving his antagonists out of the nomination, would be in the condition of the negro who was chastised at the whipping post: the bystanders enjoyed the castigation hugely, but the negro could see nothing to laugh at.

In the announcement yesterday of the passage of the bill through the lower house, I used an expression which I understood myself, but which, upon its second reading, I am satisfied is so vague that it will be misapprehended by any one but the author. That which is now the "billiard act" was originally "a bill to impose a tax upon ten-pen ales and billiard tables." The measure was so amended as to rid it of the provision for ten-pen ales—without, however, "prohibiting" bewailing saloons, as the reader would infer from my expression yesterday. The measure, as it passed the House, simply does not take billiards into the consideration.

Mr. Ripley reported a bill to the Senate to-day chartering the Louisville Marine Insurance Company, which passed that body, while the consideration of the bill to incorporate the American Insurance Company was cut by the announcement of the special order of the day for 11 o'clock.

The special order in the Senate was the bill to repeal the act establishing the State Normal School, and the question pending was upon its third reading.

An amendment was rejected exactly similar to that proposed in the House yesterday by Mr. Johnson, providing that the appropriation of \$12,000 per annum from the school fund be withheld, that the institution be supported upon the excess of the school fund paid by the county of Fayette above the sum which that county now draws from the general fund, and that the allowance to pupils be seventy-five cents instead of \$1.50. The amendment was rejected by a vote of 21 to 16. The consideration of the subject was finally postponed for the general orders of the day.

The House bill amending the common school law, which renders the period in which pupils may avail themselves of the public schools between the ages of six and twenty years, passed the Senate to-day. An amendment constituting twenty-one days a school month was adopted.

A resolution was adopted by the Senate asking information of the Auditor in reference to the geological survey of the State; and a joint resolution was introduced, which lies over one day, providing for the purchase of the legislative journals from Wm. Davis.

Senators obtained leave to-day to bring in the following bills, which, with others, were appropriately referred:

By Mr. Rust, a bill to repeal the act which allows the Bank of Kentucky and the Bank of Louisville to issue bills of a smaller denomination than five dollars; a bill to amend the charter of the Commercial Bank of Kentucky; a bill to define the law of costs in cases of vagrancy; a bill to establish a ferry from Cairo to the Kentucky shore; a bill providing that Judges shall sign the orders of the Courts; and a bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Ashland.

In the House most of the day was spent in the consideration of the bill to establish a conventional rate of interest. Mr. Leathers, the member from Anderson, whose exploits as an orator have afforded great merriment on several occasions during the session, delivered himself again at length to-day in expounding the merits of the "entrest bill." His pointed arguments and dizzy flights of fancy have been noted, and will shortly appear in print, I am informed. The committee rose, whereupon various amendments were adopted and various others rejected, when the measure was rejected by a vote of 72

to 25. I am assured that the Democratic member from Caldwell, who is in favor of an indefinitely high rate of interest and the repeal of the usury laws, and who voted against the measure to-day because he considered the rate contemplated too low, will move a reconsideration of the vote to-morrow, and make one more effort for the success of the project which seems nearer to his legislative heart than any other enterprise at present.

The following bills which originated in that body passed the House to-day: a bill to amend sec. 5, chap. 672 of the Revised Statutes, relating to the school law, and making the offices of school commissioners elective biennially; a bill to prohibit the sale of arms, &c., to cadets of the Kentucky Military Institute; and a bill to amend the charter of Eminence High School.

In accordance with a joint resolution, Dr. Foss and Messrs. Wickliffe and Rachford were appointed on behalf of the House to-day to cooperate with a committee in the Senate, to pay a visit of inspection to the Lunatic Asylum at Lexington.

I am pained to have the duty to inform you that Senator John P. Martin met with an unfortunate accident last evening, which will perhaps involve the loss of a finger. The parlor door at his hotel closed suddenly upon his hand, crushing that member most horribly.

While the festivities at the Capitol Hotel were at their height last evening, a youth named Pat Kennedy, aged about twelve years, drew a large quantity of gunpowder from the mantel-piece of a private apartment in the hotel, which communicated with the fire in the grate, and the result was a terrific explosion, a fearful injury to the lad, whose face, hands, and body were burned to a crisp. Mr. Burton, of your city, kindly relieved the poor little sufferer's distresses, by procuring and applying antiseptics for his wounds.

**ELEVE.**

**MEMORANDA.**—Steamer Woodford left New Orleans on Thursday, the 7th inst. Boats in port Louisville, Ward, Bullitt, and Briggs. 8th—met Newcomb at Morganza; Chanceller at Red river. 9th—met Pacific at Ashton; Telton at Grand Lake. 11th—met Antelope at Ship Island; Uncle Sam at Buck island. 13th—met Empress at Island 18; Montgomery at Yerger's. 13th—met Republic at Eadsburg. 14th—Met at Mt. Vernon. 14th—met Diana at Cloverport.

**PORT OF LOUISVILLE.**

JANUARY 14.

### ARRIVALS.

Superior, Cin. Emma Dean, Carr. Stephen Decatur, Cin.

### DEPARTURES.

Superior, Cin. Emma Dean, Carr. Stephen Decatur, N. O.

### RECEIPTS.

Per Superior from Cincinnati—340 bbls paper. Duponts: 64 bbls grease; Cornwall: 54 bxs cheese. Murrill, Trige & Co.: 31 sheets iron; 152 pgs yarn. Nock, W. & Co.: 312 orders.

Per Jacob Fox from Pitts.—10 lbs glass. 45 do. mds. & S. H.; 75 do. glass. W. & S. do. Carrv. 20 lbs sugar. 250 lbs buckwheat. 30 miles mds. 13 kgs nails. 180 doz buckets; 15 bbls iron. 40 slabs steel. 1,420 pcs iron. owners.

**New Books.**

**WAVERLY Novels.**—The Bride of Lammermoor—Household edition. 2 vols. Price \$1.50. Alexander Smith's City Poems. Price 65c. Freely's Legal Advisor. Price \$1.25.

**CRUMP & WELSH.** 84 Fourth st.

**Parlor Entertainments.**

**T**HE Ladies' and Gentlemen's Mirror of Fortune, or the Analysis of Life, for the entertainment of Literary and social circles, by D. M. Aucell, M. D. Price \$1.25.

**CRUMP & WELSH.** 84 Fourth st.

**NOTHING TO SAY:** A Slight Slap at Mobocratic Snobbery, which has nothing to do, nothing to wear; by Q. K. Philander Doesticks. P. B. 50c.

**CRUMP & WELSH.** 84 Fourth st.

**A CARD.**

We would especially call the attention of the public to a MARINE CHRONOMETER placed in our window, showing the exact time. It is entirely of American manufacture, and has been exhibited at the World's Fair, Paris, and at the Crystal Palace, London, and French Chronometers, and also at the World's Fair in New York, and in every instance has received the highest premium for unequalled workmanship and correct keeping.

To every department we have secured the services of Mr. Ed. Hulzer, of New York. Mr. H. can execute any kind of watch-work fully equal to Jurgensen, Frodsham Adams, or any of the first London or Swiss makers.

John Kitts & Co.

**RAY'S Higher Arithmetic.**

**T**HIS PRINCIPLES OF ARITHMETIC, Analyzed and Practically Applied, for Advanced Students, by Joseph Ray, M. D. Price 75c.

**CRUMP & WELSH.** 84 Fourth st.

**HAND-BOOK OF PRACTICAL RECIPES FOR CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS, MANUFACTURERS, AND HEADS OF FAMILIES.** FOR SALE BY C. HAGAN & CO., 57 Main st.

**RANKIN'S HALF YEARLY MEDICAL ABSTRACT** for July, 1857, for sale by C. HAGAN & CO., No. 507 Main st.

**PHYSICIAN'S VISITING LIST** for 1857 received and for sale by C. HAGAN & CO., No. 507 Main st.

**MOONEY'S IRELAND.**

**A HISTORY OF IRELAND** from the First Settlement to the Present Time, including a Particular Account of its Literature, Music, Architecture, and Natural Resources. Biographical Sketches of its Most Eminent Men, & 2 large octavo volumes. Price \$2.

**CRUMP & WELSH.** 84 Fourth st., near Market.

**New Books.**

**THE PRINCIPLES OF ARITHMETIC,** Analyzed and Practically Applied, for Advanced Students, by Joseph Ray, M. D. Price 75c.

**CRUMP & WELSH.** 84 Fourth st.

**HAND-BOOK OF PRACTICAL RECIPES FOR CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS, MANUFACTURERS, AND HEADS OF FAMILIES.** FOR SALE BY C. HAGAN & CO., 57 Main st.

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**CRUMP & WELSH.** 84 Fourth st., near Market.

**New Books.**

**THE GRAYSON LETTERS,** by Henry Rodgers, author of the "Eclipse of Hall," etc. From the Young Painter. From the German. Colored illustrations. 75c.

**ANNIE'S JEWEL CASE,** or True Stories and False Tales. Colored illustrations. 75c.

**CRUMP & WELSH.** 84 Fourth st., near Market.

**New Goods.**

**IN RICH FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, CARPETS, &c.,** Just received by C. DUVAL & CO., Main Street.

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**Relief to the Million!**

**IN** consequence of the difficulty of money, I have determined to offer my stock of FANCY GOODS, BASKETS, and TOYS at TWENTY PER CENT. BELOW MARKET PRICE for cash-taking the Banks of the State of Indiana, State Banks of Indiana and Ohio, and Kentuckian Banks. My stock is full and comprises all of the new goods out this season.

Lubin's Extracts at 60c.

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Full directions in each package.

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